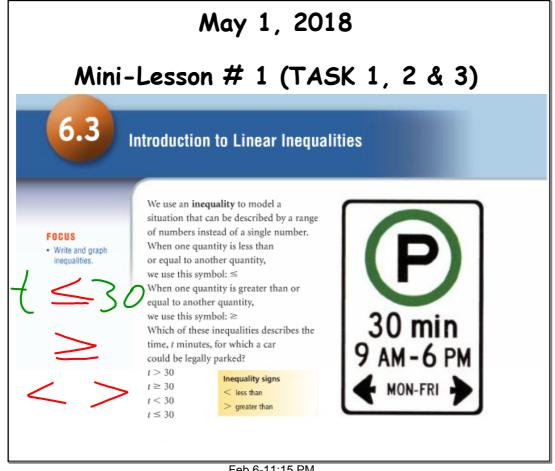


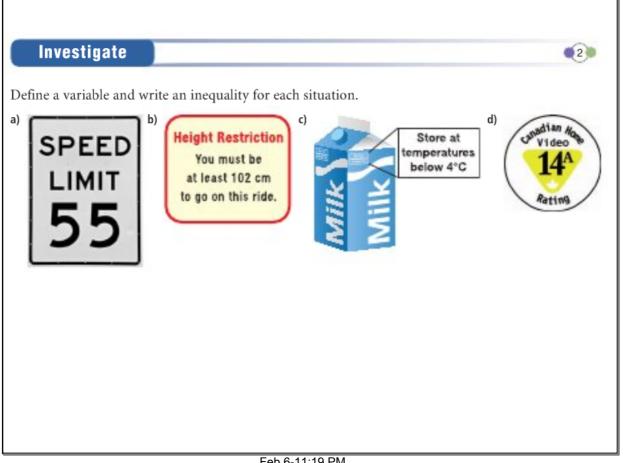
Apr 11-9:31 AM



Feb 6-11:15 PM

Symbols of Inequalities		
	SYMBOLS	MEANING
	>	"IS GREATER THAN"
	<	"IS LESS THAN"
	≥	"IS GREATER THAN OR EQUALTO"
	≤	"IS LESS THAN OR EQUALTO"

Feb 13-4:41 PM



Feb 6-11:19 PM

Connect

Don't need to copy

Here are some examples of inequality statements:

- \triangleright One expression is less than another; a is less than 3: a < 3
- ➤ One expression is greater than another; b is greater than -4: b > -4
- ➤ One expression is less than or equal to another; c is less than or equal to $\frac{3}{4}$: $c \le \frac{3}{4}$
- ➤ One expression is greater than or equal to another; d is greater than or equal to -5.4: $d \ge -5.4$

Many real-world situations can be modelled by inequalities.

Feb 6-11:21 PM

>T=temp

T<-5°C

Example 1 Writing an Inequality to Describe a Situation

Define a variable and write an inequality to describe each situation.

- a) Contest entrants must be at least 18 years old.
- Jea≥18
- **b)** The temperature has been below -5° C for the last week.
- c) You must have 7 items or less to use the express checkout line at a grocery store.
- d) Scientists have identified over 400 species of dinosaurs.

NOTES:

A **linear equation** is true for only one value of the variable.

$$2b = 8$$

b = 4 (the only answer for b is 4)

A **linear inequality** may be true for many values of the variable.

b ≤4 (any number less than 4 and 4 will make the inequality true)

The solution of an inequality is any value of the variable that makes the inequality true.

Feb 13-4:41 PM

Example 2 Determining Whether a Number Is a Solution of an Inequality

Is each number a solution of the inequality $b \ge -4$? Justify the answers.

a)
$$-8$$



b)
$$-3.5$$





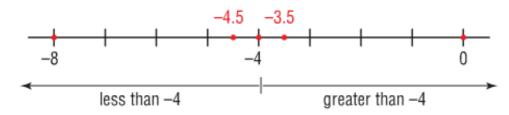




What strategy could we use to answer this question?

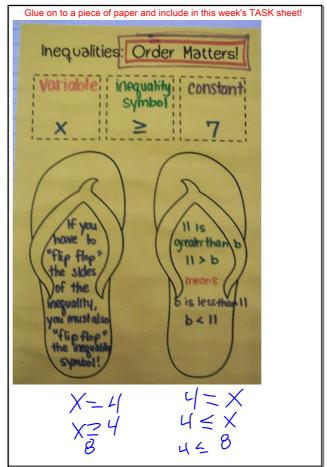
Method 1

Use a number line. Show all the numbers on a line.



Much Easier strategy to use...... Method 2

Use substitution. Substitute each number for *b* in the inequality $b \ge -4$.



Apr 13-9:08 AM